Hike & Seek





I'm Peter Schriemer! As a wildlife educator and TV host, I get excited about tracking down God's creatures! Join my adventures on my Answers TV show *Hike & Seek*.

Buzzy Bugs

Cicadas are the loudest insects on earth! Their buzz can reach over 100 decibels—that's like standing beside a revving chainsaw!

Most male cicadas make a loud mating call by flexing a drum-like organ called a tymbal (TIM-bel). This causes their muscles to vibrate 300–400 times per second, producing the loud buzz. If a female likes the male's song, she responds by making a clicking noise with her wings.

Female cicadas carve holes in tree branches and shrubs to lay 400 or more eggs inside. When the babies, called nymphs (nimfs), hatch, they fall to the earth and burrow underground where they survive by drinking the sap from tree roots.

Depending on the cicada species, the nymphs may wait underground for 2–17 years. When it's time to come out, they climb a tree and molt (shed) their exoskeleton to transform into adult cicadas.

Insects were created around 6,000 years ago during creation week. After the flood, insects quickly multiplied throughout the earth. Now, there are more than 3,000 species of cicadas.

Scientists divide cicada species into two groups: annual cicadas and periodical (pir-ee-AHD-i-kel) cicadas. Annual cicadas emerge in the summer.

Periodical cicadas only emerge every 13 or 17 years, depending on the species and the brood (group). After a brood emerges, they spend around four weeks above the ground, morphing to adults, making noise, and laying eggs. Then the adults die, and the brood cycle starts over.

The next time you hear a cicada buzz, make your own "joyful noise" to glorify the Creator too (Psalm 100:1)!



