Arctic Hare
- The hare has a thick coat of fur to keep warm in the harsh winter conditions.
- They are typically found in the Arctic tundra.

Mask Ox
- Also known as the musk ox, this animal is typically found in the Arctic region.
- It has a thick coat of fur to protect it from the cold.

Puffin
- Puffins are seabirds that are native to the Arctic.
- They are known for their colorful plumage and comical behavior.

Walrus
- The walrus is an herbivorous marine mammal.
- They are often seen near the Arctic coastlines.

Arctic Fox
- Known for their fluffy coats, these foxes are well adapted to the Arctic climate.
- They are often seen in the Arctic tundra during the winter months.

Lemming
- Lemmings are small rodents that are common in the Arctic.
- They are known for their abundance and role as a food source for larger predators.

Snow Goose
- Snow geese are migratory birds that are often seen in the Arctic during the winter months.
- They migrate to the Arctic to breed and raise their young.

Caribou
- Also known as reindeer, these animals are native to the Arctic.
- They are important for their role in traditional subsistence practices.

Snowy Owl
- The snowy owl is a large bird of prey that is well adapted to the Arctic environment.
- They are often seen in the Arctic during the winter months.

Arctic Tern
- The Arctic tern is a small seabird that is well adapted to the Arctic environment.
- They are known for their long lifespan and ability to live for over 20 years.

Narwhal
- Narwhals are known for their long, spiraled tusk-like structure.
- They are typically found in the Arctic tundra.

Beluga Whales
- Beluga whales are small, white whales that are commonly found in the Arctic.
- They are known for their social behavior and unique vocalizations.

Ringed Seals
- Ringed seals are a type of seal that are commonly found in the Arctic.
- They are known for their ability to dive deep underwater.

Greenland Shark
- The Greenland shark is the largest shark in the world.
- They are known for their slow metabolism and longevity.

Did you know... at one time, ice covered up to 30 percent of the North Atlantic. The North Atlantic Ice Sheet vanished around 8,000 years ago after the worldwide flood of Noah's Day (Enoch 6:8). Today, we see evidence from the ice age in areas like the North Pole.